A

FINAL EXAM for Math 233 (Fall 2017)

NAME	
UNC EMAIL	PID
INSTRUCTOR	SECTION

INSTRUCTIONS

- This exam consists of **12 exercises**, each worth **10 points**.
- Write **clear solutions** so that you can get partial points for your reasoning!
- Write your **final answer** in the **BOXES** provided.
- Calculators and other materials are **NOT** allowed.
- The duration of the exam is 3 hours.

HONOR PLEDGE

I certify that no unauthorized assistance has been received or given in the completion of this work.

SIGNATURE

Problem 1.

(1) Find an equation of the tangent plane to the graph of $f(x, y) = ye^x$ at the point (0, 2). Express the plane in ax + by + cz = d form.

(2) Find a linear approximation of the function $f(x, y) = ye^x$ at the point (0, 2).

(3) Find an approximation of the value $2.03e^{0.1}$.

Problem 2.



(c) Let $\mathbf{u} = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$. Find the angle between \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} .

(d) Let $\mathbf{u} = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{v} = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$. Find the area of the parallelogram of sides \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v}



Problem 3. Find the absolute minimum value of the function

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + 2y^2 - x$$

on the region $x^2 + y^2 \le 4$.

Problem 4. Consider the curve in space parametrized by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2, t^4, t^3 \rangle, \qquad 0 \le t \le 2.$$

(1) Find parametric equations for the tangent line to the curve at the point (1, 1, 1).

(2) Find the work done by the force $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle y, 0, z \rangle$ on a particle that moves along the curve described above.

Problem 5. Let

$$g(s,t) = f(3s + e^{st}, s^2 + \sin(t^2 + 2t)),$$

where f is an unknown function. Suppose you know that

$$\begin{array}{ll} g(1,0)=3, & f(1,0)=5, & f_x(1,0)=1, & f_y(1,0)=4, \\ g(4,1)=0, & f(4,1)=8, & f_x(4,1)=-1, & f_y(4,1)=2. \end{array}$$

Find $\frac{\partial g}{\partial s}(1,0)$.

 $\frac{\partial g}{\partial s}(1,0) =$

Problem 6. Consider the vector field

$$\mathbf{F}(x,y) = \left\langle 2xy^2 + 5, \, 2x^2y - 3y^2 \right\rangle.$$

(1) Is **F** conservative? If the answer is no, please justify. If the answer is yes, find a potential (that is, a function f so that $\nabla f = F$).

(2) **Evaluate** $\int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where C_1 is given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = t^2 \mathbf{i} + \sqrt{t} \mathbf{j}$ between (0,0) and (1,1).

(3) **Evaluate** $\int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where C_2 is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ travelled in the counter-clockwise direction starting at (2, 0).



Problem 7. A bug is crawling on a sheet of metal modelled by the xy-plane. The temperature of the sheet is given by the function

$$T(x,y) = 2x^2y + 3xy + 10.$$

(1) If the bug is currently at the point (3, 1), find the direction in which the bug should go to decrease temperature most rapidly.

(2) Find the rate of change of the temperature at the point (3, 1) in the direction of $\langle -1, 1 \rangle$.



(3) Suppose the bug is now at the point (3,1). Find an equation for a curve on which the bug should walk if it wants to stay at exactly the same temperature as it is now.

Problem 8. A lamina is shaped as the region in \mathbb{R}^2 bounded by the curves x = 0, y = x/2 and y = 1.

Sketch the region that the lamina occupies (shade it) on the coordinate plane below and find the mass of the lamina if its density is given by

$$\rho(x, y) = x \cos(y^3 - 1) + 2.$$





Problem 9. Find the volume of the solid that lies in the first octant and is enclosed by the paraboloid $z = 1 + x^2 + y^2$ and the plane x + y = 2.



Problem 10. Consider the line integral

$$\int_{\partial D} x^2 y \, dx - y^2 x \, dy,$$

where D is the region in the first quadrant enclosed between the coordinate axes and the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, and where ∂D is the boundary curve of the region D traversed in counterclockwise direction.

Use Green's Theorem to **compute** this integral.



Problem 11. Find the volume of the solid that lies within the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$, above the xy-plane, and below the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.



Problem 12. Find the surface area of the part of the paraboloid $x = y^2 + z^2$ between the planes x = 0 and x = 4.